Here are some samples of different activities that your client can do while in Egypt. You can tailor a package by combining any of them depending on the time available and the preference of the client:

**Component (1): A day in Cairo with Pharaohs**

**Morning:**
- Pyramids of Cheops, Chephren, Mykerinus (Only remaining from Ancient World Miracles)
- Photo stop by the Sphinx.
- Solar Boat Museum (The boat of Cheops, buried near his pyramid so as to help him sailing in the other world).
- Cairo Museum (Biggest collection of pharaohs treasures, contains 160,000 items)
Module 4

Evening:
- Sound & Light show by the Sphinx (A laser show narrating the history of civilization in Egypt)

Extension for a second day in Cairo with Pharaohs:

Morning:
- Djoser Pyramid in Saqqara (Step pyramid built in the third dynasty, first trial of building a real pyramid)
- Open Air Museum of Memphis (The first capital of Ancient Egypt 3100 BC)
- Dahshur Pyramids (Built by Sneferu the father of Cheops and the first trial of building a smooth sided pyramid)
- Pharaonic Village (A simulation of the daily life of Ancient Egyptians)

Evening:
- A Dinner in a Pharaonic decorated fixed or floating restaurant.
Module 4

Component (2) A Day in Old Cairo:

Morning:
- Religion Complex (Amr Ibn El As Mosque, Hanging Church, and Ben Ezra Synagogue)
- Salah Eddin Citadel (medieval Islamic fortification in Cairo).
- Mohamed Ali Mosque (Located in Salah Eddin Citadel, a fabulous masterpiece from the Ottoman period).
- Saints Sergius and Bacchus Church (A point of the Holy Family trip to Egypt)
- Babylon Fortress (An ancient fortress city built around 525 BC).
- Sultan Hassan Madrassa (Mumluk era- considered to be the peak of the Islamic architecture in Egypt)
- Al Refaei Mosque (called the royal mosque as it contains the tombs of Khedive Ismail and many others of the Royal family of Egypt).
- Shopping in Khan El Khalili old bazaar (Oldest market in Egypt dates back more than six centuries)

Evening:
- Dinner in an authentic Egyptian restaurant
- A folklore show (Different sites in Old Cairo offer music or folklore shows periodically).

Extension for a second day in Old Cairo:

Morning:
- Al Azhar Mosque (the world’s oldest life university)
- Al Husein Mosque (Where grandson of prophet Mohamed is believed to be buried).
- Ahmed Ebn Tolon Mosque (a magnificent Islamic monument)
- El Moez Street (The most important site from the time of Fatimid)
- El Sehemy House (old Ottoman era house museum- recently became a center of Arabic arts, folklore shows, seminars, puppet shows, etc...)
- Bab Zuweila Gate (One of the giant ancient Cairo’s gates)
Module 4

Evening:
- Oriental Music Life Bands
- Dinner at Al Azhar Park (A restaurant- entertainment complex on the Arabic style near old Cairo)

Component (3) A day in modern Cairo:

Morning:
- Modern Art Museum (includes more than 10,000 masterpieces)
- Abdeen Palace Museum Complex (Contains 5 museums that narrate mainly about the royal family in Egypt before the republic).
- Mohamed Ali Palace in Manial (One of the fabulous royal palaces).
- Cairo Tower Panoramic view on Cairo from more than 600 ft.
- A tour in the down town of Cairo (Shopping streets, sightseeing, dining areas, cinemas, etc...).

Evening:
- A Ballet show or a concert at Cairo Opera House.
- Or a shopping evening in one of the mega malls in the outskirts of Cairo (world brands, restaurants, kids areas, cinemas, etc...)
Module 4

Component (4) An over-day to Alexandria:

Morning:
- Qaitbay Fort (a 15th-century fortress on the sea coast)
- Bibliotheca Alexandria (The largest world public library with more than 8 million books and transcripts)
- Catacombs of Kom El Shoqafa (considered one of the Seven Wonders of the Middle Ages)
- Alexandria National Museum (includes 1800 masterpieces of different eras of Egypt)
- Montazah Palace Gardens (a Royal family palace)
- The Church of Saint Mark (oldest church in Africa)

Evening:
- Stanley Bridge (a fantastic contemporary masterpiece with a breathtaking view on the Mediterranean Sea)
- Cornish tour (Perfect for pedestrians’ activities)
- A concert in Alexandria Opera House

Extension for another day in Alexandria:

Morning:
- Royal Jewelry Museum (contain an inestimable collection of jewelry of the Muhammad Ali Dynasty, 19th-century paintings, statues, and decorative arts)
- Bombay’s Pillar (a Roman triumphal column- the largest of its type constructed outside the imperial capitals of Rome)
- Roman Amphitheatre (is the only one of its type in Egypt)
- Mosque of Abu Al Abbas Al Morsi (The biggest and most decorated mosque in Alexandria)
- Anba Bishoy Monastery (In Wadi El Natrun, founded by Saint Bishoy born in 320 AD- The most Eastern surviving Christian monastery in Egypt)
- Aquarium Museum (exhibits many species from the Mediterranean and Red Seas around Egypt)

Evening:
- Shopping in the Old Bazaar or in a shopping mall
Component (5) An over-day to Fayum:

**Morning:**
- Kom Oshim Ruins (Karanis city from the Greco-Roman era)
- Qarun Lake (The oldest lake in Egypt)
- Wadi Hitam (Valley of Whales) protected area
- Waterfalls of Wadi El Rian protected area
- Madinet Madi (Dates back to 12th dynasty)

Component (6) A Nile Cruise From Luxor to Aswan:

**Day 1: Luxor**
- Valley of the Kings (contains some 60 tombs).
- Valley of the Queens, where the wives of the Pharaohs were buried, contains some 70 tombs.
- The massive stone statues of the Colossi of Memnon
- The mortuary temples of the Temple of Hatshepsut
- Shopping in the Old Bazaar.
- Sail overnight to Kom Ombo.

**Day 2: Kom Ombo – Edfu**
- Temple of Horus, dedicated to the falcon-headed god, and considered the best preserved of all Egypt’s temples.
- The temple of the two gods Sobek and Horus.
- Sail overnight to Aswan.

**Day 3: Aswan**
- Disembark from the cruise
- Aswan’s High Dam.
- Superb views across Lake Nasser
- Evening: Sound & Light in Philae Temple situated on the small island of Agilkia, located in the middle of the Nile.

**Day 4: Aswan**:
- Nubian Museum (a collection of 3000 masterpieces from different era including the pre-historic period)
- Visit of the unfinished obelisk.
- Elephantine Island.
- Kalabsha Temple.
- Shopping at the old bazaar.
Module 4

Component (7) Sharm El Sheikh (3 ~ nights):

Relaxation:
- Three or four nights with full-board or all-inclusive accommodation. Just lying by the beach, enjoying the sea breath, SPA, playing golf, and aqua parks for the children, fine dining in elite restaurants, entertainment shows or shopping in the evening.

Adventure:
- Different water sports such as Kite surfing and windsurfing.
- Diving in Ras Mohamed
- Snorkeling by Tiran Island.
- Glass boat and speed boat trips.
- St. Catherine monastery and Moses Mountain
- Sand dune buggy safari.
- Horseback riding, camel riding, quad biking, etc...
- Bedouin Dinner

Component (8) Hurghada (3 ~ nights):

Relaxation:
- Three or four nights with full-board or all-inclusive accommodation. In Hurghada, El Gouna or Makadi Bay. Just lying by the beach, enjoying the sea breath, SPA, playing golf, and aqua parks for the children, fine dining in elite restaurants, entertainment shows or shopping in the evening.

Adventure:
- Swimming with dolphins
- Brother’s islands diving.
- Desert safari to Bedouin village
- Snorkeling cruise to Gifton island (protected area)
- Over-day trip to Luxor
Module 4

Component (9) Safari in Western Desert (2 to 10 Days) – perfect for meditation:

Oasis of Siwa.
(Requires approximately 10 hours on the road.) – An overnight is recommended. Some suggestions to do in Siwa:
- Temple of the Dead, Shali Fortress (built in 13th century)
- Temple of Oracle (believed to have housed the famous Greek oracle of Jupiter Amun, to which Alexander the Great headed directly when he came to Egypt for the first time in 331 BC)
- Swim in the baths of Cleopatra
- The dunes of the Western Desert.
- Swim in the natural spring of Abu Shrouf.
- Set up Bedouin camp for the night.

Oasis of Bahariya:
- Passing the meadows of the Sand Sea (accessible only by 4x4).
- Visit the site of El Agabat, Black Desert and Crystal Mountain.
- Old and New White Deserts.
Module 4

Oasis of Farafra and Dakhla:
- Visit the site of el-Qsar (the small village in Oasis of Dakhla).
- El Muzawaka tombs (about 300 tombs of 1st century AD- some of which are outstanding for their exquisite colorful fresco).
- Deir el Haggar temple (a sandstone temple erected during the reign of the Emperor Nero-54-67 AD)

Oasis of Kharga
- Temple of Hebes (was dedicated for the Triad of Thebes, Amon, Mut and Khonso, dating back to the 26th dynasty)
- Tombs of Bagawat (date back to the Early Christian Period with very interesting colored scenes, depicting religious events such as: the Exodus, Adam and Eve, Angels, the Virgin Mary, and Jesus)
- Departure to Luxor